To load a score into Quincala Game Viewer, just *copy* the relevant "QSF-string" (enclosed by <>), then click the *Paste* button in the software (or use the keyboard to type Alt + v). If you cannot see the Paste button click the "Fn:" button until you see it.

In Acrobat Reader, to enable selection and copying, you might have to click "Select" on the top bar before you can highlight and copy the QSF-string. (Note: loading game scores will be much easier with the next version of the software.)

Current View

My current view is that since there are no known attacks against the as yet unbroken fortresses described below, there is a certain possibility that at least one of these, or a new one, will be confirmed robust once the necessary software is developed. It is therefore possible that the Quincala Knocking Game in its current form is a forced draw, and it is my view that all serious tournaments should be postponed until proper analysis has been undertaken, and a remedial tournament rule has been defined and properly tested.

The challenge is to find attacks that break any or all of these proposed fortresses; alternatively to find and prove a robust fortress, and a rule that would prune all such fortresses and other forced drawn positions from the game tree with the least impact on the hitherto collected game scores.

On a positive note, should the forced draw be confirmed but limited to these kinds of fortress positions, I have already found a few remedial rule candidates that would have very little impact on the game, and would leave a great majority of the collected scores intact, both legally and strategically.

Background

Looking at the different attacks and exchange patterns described in the document "End Game Tactics with Many Towers", it appeared as if most successful attacks from an 8 tower position should start with a double knock, ie knocking two pieces at once. I then started to construct defensive *fortress* positions of four towers or close to four towers, neither of which can be attacked with a double knock without losing. Since there is a rule against passing, such positions need to include an *oscillation* – either a *zero impact move* or a standard set of moves that can be performed until an attack is launched. Additionally, being attacked from one side or two sides might require a pair of fortress positions according to needs.

A robust fortress is defined by its position and oscillation, and also by a set of standard moves that will repel any attack. I have yet to fully define such standard moves for the fortress candidates described, but a few of them would be used in the examples below.

If

a. such a fortress or set of fortresses can be shown to be robust

b. a sequence or a tree of sequences of moves that can always achieve this position would be defined

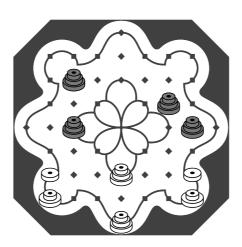
then the Quincala knocking game in its current form is a forced draw.

To reach certainty, a large amounts of possible variations have to be investigated, more than I can do manually. Therefore I have started developing software that can in the first instance find attacks, and secondary confirm robustness. In the meantime, if anyone finds an attack to any of the described positions below (Nathan already broke FDC 3B just before Christmas), please tell me.

Regarding the sequence/s to reach such a fortress position, if it exists, I have not spent much time on it; it is likely the one used below is not watertight, but even it it has got a hole, it is not good for the game if every players have to learn the few holes there are, so I believe my current view holds.

Below is listed the various fortress candidates and a few example attacks. The move sequence in the example strings until the fortress is established is not thoroughly analysed, and should at this point in time be regarded just as a technicality enabling the example to start from the given position.

FDC 3B two sides attack



The FDC 3B two sides attack looks strongest when initiated along the edge of the outer ornamental line, as suggested by Nathan:

<=QSF;0.1&Quincala;KM;8696a6a668696a6a758484778888 a696969988889674746a696955444446362626334462622636 36646363574848746464394848635353699696534433338887 8784939493933646464433343333x482626343334333326355 36462537364649695736493947464736453534645445333344 45353r1;0.2&title=2013-01-28_FDC3B_two_sides_fail_ single_knock_attack_along_outer_line>

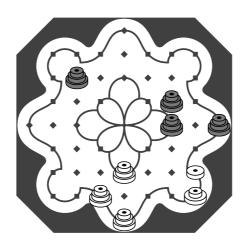
The white defensive moves in the beginning of the attack are crucial and will need to be well defined. The reason this candidate fortress don't have full towers in the corners is because it wants to always be ready for a twin response to this attack:

<=QSF;0.1&Quincala;KM;8696a6a668696a6a758484778888 a696969988889674746a696955444446362626334462622636 36646363574848746464394848635353699696534433338887 8784939493933646464433343333x482626343334333346454 533554526354445556454554445r1;0.2&title=2013-01-28 FDC3B two sides fail twin response move>

Black might choose to hold back the largest pieces to avoid being threatened by White, but this still looks like a failed attack:

<=QSF;0.1&Quincala;KM;8696a6a668696a6a758484778888 a696969988889674746a696955444446362626334462622636 36646363574848746464394848635353699696534433338887 8784939493933646464433343333x48373535343334333355 36462537364648786959594939493939573649394746473645 353967464536374464554639484r1;0.2&title=2013-01-28 _FDC3B_two_sides_fail_-_Black_holds_back_large_pieces>

FDC 3B - one side attack

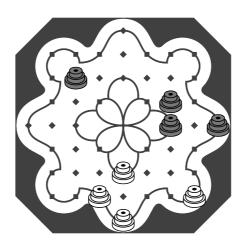


The FDC 3B one side attack was broken by Nathan on 23 December in roughly this manner (Black's position and general move sequence until turn 33 not correct):

<=QSF;0.1&Quincala;KM;8696a6a668696a6a758484778888 a696969988889674746a696955444446362626334462622636 36646363574848746464394848635353699696534433338887 8784939493934846464433343333669693334348786863454 5446484854535396a6a694939493936987879493949393x868 384936273849383a6958483936474849383879695848393536 374849383487896958483939483848384r0;0.2&title=2012 -12-23_FDC3B_broken_by_Nathan>

With the initial attack Black forces an exhaust exchange, which he will win since he knocked first.

FDC 3A one side



interestingly enough, the earlier candidate FDC 3A (one side) is not broken by Nathan's attack – the exchange here is only *semi-forced*, i.e. White forces Black but not the other way round <=QSF;0.1&Quincala;KM;8696a6a668696a6a758484778888 a696969988889674746a696955444446362626334462622636 36646363574848746464394848635353699696534433338887 87849393364646443333487878333434464848345454878686 54535396a6a69394939494788787949393x868384936273849 383a6958493648493848595r1;0.2&title=2012-12-24_FDC 3A-1 %28one side%29 failed Nathan attack>

FDC 4 - one side



This is FDC 4 (one side), slightly adjusted from Nathan's suggestion in order to allow for an oscillation, with a failed black attack as an example:

<=QSF;0.1&Quincala;KM;8696a6a668696a6a758484778888 a696969988889674746a696955444446362626334462622636 36646363574848746464394848635353699696534433338887 87849394939348464644333433333669693334348786869493 9396a6a664949446484834645464646987875464546464x868 58493647485879685757462847484958493847585r1;0.2&ti tle=2012-12-23_FDC4_with_failed_bent_dart_attack>

The sequence to shift to the one side attack position has to be looked at – the no pass rule makes the plain 4 tower position vulnerable from the back. (Once this is thoroughly analysed, I will also look at the no pass rule again – it looks simple enough, but is only applicable in the very few positions when there is no *zero impact* move available, so is a bit un-Quincala-y)

This example looks at Black trying to attack with one tower "from the back", still a failed attack: <=QSF;0.1&Quincala;KM;8696a6a668696a6a758484778888 a696969988889674746a696955444446362626334462622636 36646363574848746464394848635353699696534433338887 8784939493934846464433343333669693334348786869493 9396a6a664949446484834645464646987875464546464484 73636645436368685636236546362628786856362946463626 2a695856362937585r1;0.2&title=2013-01-23_FDC4_double knock threat from back - fail>

Various examples of failed attacks against FDC 4 - one side

This *screen* attack (a screen attack is sowing pieces adjacent to towers to threaten knock in the next move, forcing the defender position out of alignment) is a fail: <=QSF;0.1&Quincala;KM;8696a6a668696a6a758484778888 a69696988889674746a696955444446362626334462622636 36646363574848746464394848635353699696534433338887 8784939493934846464433343333669693334348786869493 9396a6a664949446484834645464646987875464546464x869 67473546474738785747393757485a69585847562738475854 8789685747584857485849493847585r1;0.2&title=2012-1

A screen attack near the corner seems to cause the most nuisance, this still fails with less than perfect white play:

<=QSF;0.1&Quincala;KM;8696a6a668696a6a758484778888 a696969988889674746a696955444446362626334462622636 36646363574848746464394848635353699696534433338887 87849394939348464644333433333669693334348786869493 9396a6a664949446484834645464646987875464546464x879 6965464546464a695849362738493934845546484737386858 49394838493948473645445968685746484737374739483838 575839493937574937574r1;0.2&title=2012-12-23_FDC4_ with failed screen near corner>

2-23 FDC4 with failed screen attack>

This attack fails although black knocks the last black small piece! <=QSF;0.1&Quincala;KM;8696a6a668696a6a758484778888 a696969988889674746a696955444446362626334462622636 36646363574848746464394848635353699696534433338887 87849394939348464644333433333669693334348786869493 9396a6a664949446484834645464646987875464546464x879 6965464546464a6958493948384939396a6958493546484939 38685849362738493948384736248456362848383857594939 3r1;0.2&title=2012-12-27_FDC4_with_failed_last_small_white_piece_knock>